UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

		FORM 10-Q	
Ø	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUAN	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SE For the quarterly period ended September 26, 202 OR	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUAN	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECTION 15(d) OF THE SECTIO	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
		CHUY'S HOLDINGS, INC (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charte	
	Delaware (State of Incorporation or Organization)		20-5717694 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
		1623 Toomey Rd. Austin, Texas 78704 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code))
	Regis	trant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code:(512	2) 473-2783
		Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the A	Act:
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
	Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	CHUY	Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
months (d all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) or required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to	f the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
		ted electronically every Interactive Data File required to s (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required)	
		ccelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated file "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "er	er, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth merging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
	Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer		✓ Emerging growth company☐
	erging growth company, indicate by check mark ng standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of		sition period for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicata	by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co	ompany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	Yes □ No ☑
muicate		utstanding at October 29, 2021 was19,801,997.	

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Part I—Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Chuy's Holdings, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Sept	tember 26, 2021	Dece	mber 27, 2020
Assets		(Unaudited)		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,107	\$	86,817
Accounts receivable		1,583		1,507
Lease incentives receivable		_		200
Inventories		1,423		1,449
Income tax receivable		1,389		974
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		3,922		3,614
Total current assets		113,424		94,561
Property and equipment, net		182,119		185,105
Operating lease assets		149,918		159,156
Deferred tax asset, net		6,382		7,806
Other assets and intangible assets, net		1,615		1,078
Tradename		21,900		21,900
Goodwill		24,069		24,069
Total assets	\$	499,427	\$	493,675
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	4,450	\$	2,977
Accrued liabilities		25,025		25,775
Operating lease liabilities		13,136		14,566
Total current liabilities	·	42,611		43,318
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion		191,320		207,601
Other liabilities		1,301		898
Total liabilities		235,232		251,817
Contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 60,000,000 shares authorized; 19,801,997 shares issued and outstanding at September 26, 2021 and 19,710,549 shares issued and outstanding at December 27, 2020		198		197
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued or outstanding at September 26, 20 and December 27, 2020	21	_		_
Paid-in capital		143,049		144,897
Retained earnings		120,948		96,764
Total stockholders' equity		264,195		241,858
• •	\$	499,427	\$	493,675

See notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Chuy's Holdings, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statements (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended				Thirty-Nine V			Weeks Ended	
	September 2	26, 2021	Sept	ember 27, 2020	Sep	tember 26, 2021	Sep	otember 27, 2020	
Revenue	\$	101,939	\$	82,032	\$	297,802	\$	242,244	
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales		24,972		19,819		70,984		59,791	
Labor		29,776		23,891		84,911		74,808	
Operating		15,001		12,659		44,416		37,964	
Occupancy		7,351		7,480		22,049		22,563	
General and administrative		6,996		5,701		20,523		16,195	
Marketing		1,136		514		3,351		1,888	
Restaurant pre-opening		349		345		1,641		1,483	
Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs		3,973		3,444		7,721		23,999	
Gain on insurance settlements		_		_		_		(1,000)	
Depreciation		5,093		4,844		15,097		15,028	
Total costs and expenses		94,647		78,697		270,693		252,719	
Income (loss) from operations		7,292		3,335		27,109		(10,475)	
Interest expense, net		74		33		118		238	
Income (loss) before income taxes		7,218		3,302		26,991		(10,713)	
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,218		476		2,807		(5,637)	
Net income (loss)	\$	6,000	\$	2,826	\$	24,184	\$	(5,076)	
Net income (loss) per common share:							-		
Basic	\$	0.30	\$	0.14	\$	1.22	\$	(0.28)	
Diluted	\$	0.30	\$	0.14	\$	1.20	\$	(0.28)	
Weighted-average shares outstanding:									
Basic	19,	913,355		19,692,181		19,882,265		17,961,008	
Diluted	20,	100,811		19,784,364		20,141,107		17,961,008	

Chuy's Holdings, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (In thousands, except share and per share data)

				Thir	teen Weeks Ended			
	Common Stock						Retained	
	Shares		Amount		Paid-in Capital		Earnings	Total
Balance, June 27, 2021	19,997,123	\$	200	\$	148,191	\$	114,948	\$ 263,339
Stock-based compensation	_		_		995		_	995
Settlement of restricted stock units	2,148		_		_		_	_
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(196,569)		(2)		(6,115)		_	(6,117)
Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings	(705)		_		(22)		_	(22)
Net income	_		_		_		6,000	6,000
Balance, September 26, 2021	19,801,997	\$	198	\$	143,049	\$	120,948	\$ 264,195
Balance, June 28, 2020	19,689,892	\$	197	\$	142,762	\$	92,156	\$ 235,115
Stock-based compensation	_		_		987		_	987
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	2,850		_		39		_	39
Settlement of restricted stock units	2,670		_		_		_	_
Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings	(900)		_		(17)		_	(17)
Net income	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2,826	2,826
Balance, September 27, 2020	19,694,512	\$	197	\$	143,771	\$	94,982	\$ 238,950
	Common S	Stock			-Nine Weeks Ended	1	Retained	
	Shares		Amount	_	Paid-in Capital		Earnings	 Total
Balance, December 27, 2020	19,710,549	\$	197	\$	144,897	\$	96,764	\$ 241,858
Stock-based compensation	_		_		3,039		_	3,039
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	163,354		2		3,759		_	3,761
Settlement of restricted stock units	181,966		2		(2)		_	_
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(196,569)		(2)		(6,115)		_	(6,117)
Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings	(57,303)		(1)		(2,529)		_	(2,530)
Net income							24,184	 24,184
Balance, September 26, 2021	19,801,997	\$	198	\$	143,049	\$	120,948	\$ 264,195
Balance, December 29, 2019	16,636,464	\$	166	\$	94,712	\$	100,058	\$ 194,936
Stock-based compensation	_		_		2,944		_	2,944
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	6,021		_		73		_	73
Sale of common stock from ATM offering, net of fees and expenses	3,041,256		31		48,136		_	48,167
Settlement of restricted stock units	144,601		1		(1)		_	_
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(00.144)		(1)		(1,421)		_	(1,422)
1	(90,144)							
Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings	(43,686)				(672)		_	(672)
1	(/ /			\$	(672) — 143,771	\$	(5,076) 94,982	\$ (672) (5,076) 238,950

See notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Chuy's Holdings, Inc. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands)

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation			Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended		
Net income (loss) \$ 24,184 \$ (5,07) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 15,097 15,027 Depreciation 15,097 15,02 Amontization of operating lease assets 7,241 6,83 Amontization of loan origination costs 105 3 Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs 2,767 2,893 2,76 Loss on disposal of property and equipment 9 41 Deferred income taxes 1,424 6,51 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 7 6 Cases incentive receivable 200 (15 Accounts receivable 200 (15 Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (86) (51 Accounts payable (15) (6 Accounts payable (15) (6 Accounts payable (15) (6 Accounts payable (15) (6 Accounts payable		September	26, 2021	September 27, 2020	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	Cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation 15,097 15,02 Amortization of operating lease assets 7,241 6.83 Amortization of loan origination costs 105 3 Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs 2,767 20,86 Stock-based compensation 2,893 2,76 Loss on disposal of property and equipment 9 44 Deferred income taxes 1,424 (6,51 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 76 65 Accounts receivable 200 (15 Accounts receivable and payable 415 26 Income tax receivable and payable 415 26 Income tax receivable and payable 415 26 Accounts payable 1,087 61 Accounts payable 1,087 61 Accounts payable 1,087 61 Accounts payable 1,187 2,09 Net cash provided by operating activities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 355 2,10 Purchase of property and equipment (1,354)	Net income (loss)	\$	24,184	\$	(5,076)
Amortization of operating lease assets 7,241 6.83 Amortization of loan origination costs 105 3 Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs 2,767 20,86 Stock-based compensation 9 44 Loss on disposal of property and equipment 9 44 Deferred income taxes 1,424 (6,51 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 766 65 Lease incentive receivable 200 (15 Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 36,90 32,84 Accrued and other liabilities 36,90 32,84 Accrued and other liabilities 36,90 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities: (13,254) (10,00 Purchase of other assets - (38 Purchase of other as	Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Amortization of loan origination costs 105 3.8 Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs 2,767 20.86 Stock-based compensation 2,803 2,767 Loss on disposal of property and equipment 9 44 Deferred income taxes 1,414 (65.1) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 76 65 Lease incentive receivable 20 (15 Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accurad and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 359 23,27 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,900 32,34 Cash flows from investing activities (31,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets - (38 Net cash used in investing activities - (38	Depreciation		15,097		15,028
Impairment, closed restaurata and other costs 2,767 20,886 Stock-based compensation 2,893 2,765 Cases 3,2893 2,765 Cases on disposal of property and equipment 9 41 Deferred income taxes 1,424 (6,51 Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	ı c		7,241		6,831
Stock-based compensation 2,893 2,76 Loss on disposal of property and equipment 9 41 Deferred income taxes 1,42 (6.51 Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			105		36
Cook on disposal of property and equipment 1,424 1,651			2,767		20,869
Deferred income taxes	Stock-based compensation		2,893		2,764
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (76) 6 Accounts receivable (76) 65 Lease incentive receivable 200 (15 Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (866) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities 36,900 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities 36,900 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities (17,221) (2,97) Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90) Purchase of other assets (13,554) (11,29) Cash flows from investing activities (13,554) (11,29) Cash flows from financing activities (13,554) (11,29) Net proceeds from sale of common stock - 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit - 25,00			9		414
Accounts receivable (76) 65 Lease incentive receivable 200 (15) I Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) (2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,90 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets - (38 Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29 Cash flows from silne of other assets - (38 Net proceeds from sale of common stock - 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Loan origination costs (6,117) (1,42 Repurchase of			1,424		(6,510)
Lease incentive receivable 200 (15 Income tax receivable and payable (415) (26 Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accured and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) 2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities 1(13,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment mancing activities - 3,8 Net cash used in investing activities - 48,16 Net proceeds from sale of common stock - 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit - 2,500 Payments under revolving line of credit - 2,500 Payments under revolving line of credit - 2,500 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Income tax receivable and payable	Accounts receivable		(76)		650
Inventories 26 25 Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) 2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities - (38 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets - - (38 Net cash used in investing activities - - (38 Net proceeds from financing activities - 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Poperations of shares of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax	Lease incentive receivable		200		(150)
Prepaid expenses and other assets (686) (51 Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) (2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities 10,90 10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities — (38 Net cash used in investing activities — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings 2,530 (67 Net cash (used in) provided by finan	Income tax receivable and payable		(415)		(265)
Accounts payable 1,087 (61 Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) 2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities: - (38 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets - (38 Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29 Cash flows from financing activities - (38 Net proceeds from sale of common stock - 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit - 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit - - 25,00 Loan origination costs (260) - Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase	Inventories		26		256
Accrued and other liabilities 355 2,10 Operating lease liabilities (17,221) 2,97 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,900 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities: *** *** Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities — (38 Net proceeds from financing activities — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 <t< td=""><td>Prepaid expenses and other assets</td><td></td><td>(686)</td><td></td><td>(511)</td></t<>	Prepaid expenses and other assets		(686)		(511)
Operating lease liabilities (17,21) (2,97) Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities: (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90 Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29 Cash flows from financing activities — 48,16 Net proceeds from sale of common stock — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (8,817) 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 8,817 10,07	Accounts payable		1,087		(617)
Net cash provided by operating activities 36,990 32,84 Cash flows from investing activities: (13,554) (10,90) Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,90) Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29) Cash flows from financing activities: — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 105,107 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activiti	Accrued and other liabilities		355		2,101
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,00) Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29 Cash flows from financing activities: — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (6,117) (1,42 Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 88,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 88,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 88,817 10,07 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: 9 336 3 3 Property and equ	Operating lease liabilities		(17,221)		(2,971)
Purchase of property and equipment (13,554) (10,00) Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities (11,29) Cash flows from financing activities: — 48,16 Net proceeds from sale of common stock — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 10,07 \$ 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 386 \$ 38<	Net cash provided by operating activities		36,990		32,849
Purchase of other assets — (38 Net cash used in investing activities (11,29) Cash flows from financing activities: — 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 105,107 \$ 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 38	Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net cash used in investing activities (13,554) (11,29) Cash flows from financing activities: 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 105,107 \$ 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 3	Purchase of property and equipment		(13,554)		(10,905)
Cash flows from financing activities: Net proceeds from sale of common stock Borrowings under revolving line of credit Payments under revolving line of credit Loan origination costs Repurchase of shares of common stock Repurchase of shares of common stock Proceeds from the exercise of stock options Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 38 \$ 38 \$ \$ 38 \$ \$ \$ 38 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Purchase of other assets		_		(389)
Cash flows from financing activities: 48,16 Borrowings under revolving line of credit 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 105,107 \$ 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 3	Net cash used in investing activities		(13,554)		(11,294)
Borrowings under revolving line of credit — 25,00 Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$105,107 \$105,107 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$386 \$3	Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments under revolving line of credit — (25,00 Loan origination costs (260) — Repurchase of shares of common stock (6,117) (1,42 Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67 Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 88,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$105,107 \$77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$386 \$3	Net proceeds from sale of common stock		_		48,167
Loan origination costs(260)Repurchase of shares of common stock(6,117)(1,42Proceeds from the exercise of stock options3,7617Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings(2,530)(67Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities(5,146)46,14Net increase in cash and cash equivalents18,29067,70Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period86,81710,07Cash and cash equivalents, end of period\$ 105,10777,77Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable\$ 386\$ 3	Borrowings under revolving line of credit		_		25,000
Repurchase of shares of common stock Proceeds from the exercise of stock options Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable (6,117) (1,42 (6,117) (7,142 (6,117) (7,142 (1,42) (7,142 (1,42)	Payments under revolving line of credit		_		(25,000)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options 3,761 7 Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings (2,530) (67) Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$105,107 \$77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$386 \$3	Loan origination costs		(260)		_
Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable (2,530) (67. (46.14) (5,146) (8,817) (19,07) (23) (67. (5) (67.	Repurchase of shares of common stock		(6,117)		(1,422)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (5,146) 46,14 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 18,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$105,107 \$77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$386 \$3	Proceeds from the exercise of stock options		3,761		73
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 11,290 67,70 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$105,107 \$77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$386 \$3	Indirect repurchase of shares for minimum tax withholdings		(2,530)		(672)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 86,817 10,07 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 105,107 \$ 77,77 Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 3	Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(5,146)		46,146
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		18,290		67,701
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		86,817		10,074
Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable \$ 386 \$ 3		\$	105,107	\$	77,775
	Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:	Property and equipment and other assets acquired by accounts payable	\$	386	\$	34
	Supplemental cash flow disclosures:				
Cash paid for interest \$\\\$ 26 \\\$ 18	Cash paid for interest	\$	26	\$	185
Cash paid for income taxes \$ 1,806 \$ 1,16	Cash paid for income taxes	\$	1,806	\$	1,166

See notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Presentation

Chuy's Holdings, Inc. (the "Company" or "Chuy's") develops and operates Chuy's restaurants throughout the United States. Chuy's is a growing, full-service restaurant concept offering a distinct menu of authentic, freshly-prepared Mexican and Tex-Mex inspired food. As of September 26, 2021, the Company operated 96 restaurants across 17 states.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), except that certain information and notes have been condensed or omitted pursuant to rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 27, 2020. The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 27, 2020, has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto to conform to current year presentation.

The Company operates on a 52- or 53- week fiscal year that ends on the last Sunday of the calendar year. Each quarterly period has 13 weeks, except for a 53-week year when the fourth quarter has 14 weeks. Our 2021 and 2020 fiscal years both consist of 52 weeks.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company reviewed all recently issued accounting pronouncements and concluded that they were either not applicable or not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

The number of shares and net income (loss) per share data for all periods presented are based on the historical weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding.

Basic net income (loss) per share of the Company's common stock is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period.

Diluted net income (loss) per share of common stock is computed on the basis of the weighted-average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential shares of common stock equivalents outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method for dilutive options and restricted stock units (the options and restricted stock units were granted under the Chuy's Holdings, Inc. 2012 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan") and the Chuy's Holdings, Inc. 2020 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan")). For the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, there were approximately 19,300 and 91,100 shares, respectively, of common stock equivalents that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income (loss) per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. For the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, there were approximately 6,400 and 25,300 shares, respectively, of common stock equivalents that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income (loss) per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

The computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share is as follows:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended				Thirty-Nine Y			Weeks Ended	
	Sept	ember 26, 2021	September 27, 2020		ptember 27, 2020 Septe		Sej	ptember 27, 2020	
BASIC		_				_			
Net income (loss)	\$	6,000	\$	2,826	\$	24,184	\$	(5,076)	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		19,913,355		19,692,181		19,882,265		17,961,008	
Basic net income (loss) per common share	\$	0.30	\$	0.14	\$	1.22	\$	(0.28)	
•									
DILUTED									
Net income (loss)	\$	6,000	\$	2,826	\$	24,184	\$	(5,076)	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		19,913,355		19,692,181		19,882,265		17,961,008	
Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock units		187,456		92,183		258,842		_	
Weighted-average of diluted shares		20,100,811		19,784,364		20,141,107		17,961,008	
Diluted net income (loss) per common share	\$	0.30	\$	0.14	\$	1.20	\$	(0.28)	

4. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has outstanding awards under the 2012 Plan and the 2020 Plan. On July 30, 2020, the Company's stockholders approved the 2020 Plan, which replaced the 2012 Plan and no further awards may be granted under the 2012 plan. The termination of the 2012 Plan did not affect outstanding awards granted under the 2012 Plan. Options granted under these plans vest over five years from the date of grant and have a maximum term of ten years. As of September 26, 2021 the Company had 13,165 of stock options outstanding and exercisable with a remaining weighted average contractual term of approximately 1.7 years.

Restricted stock units granted under the 2012 Plan and 2020 Plan vest overfour to five years from the date of grant. As of September 26, 2021, a total of 1,022,781 shares of common stock were reserved and remained available for issuance under the 2020 Plan.

Stock-based compensation expense recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated income statements was approximately \$946,000 and \$941,000 for the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, respectively, and \$2,893,000 and \$2,764,000 for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, respectively.

A summary of stock-based compensation activity related to restricted stock units for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 are as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Year)
Outstanding at December 27, 2020	518,540	\$ 19.42	
Granted	93,886	44.02	
Vested	(181,966)	21.35	
Forfeited	(13,921)	22.00	
Outstanding at September 26, 2021	416,539	\$ 24.04	2.61

The fair value of the restricted stock units is the quoted market value of our common stock on the date of grant. As of September 26, 2021, total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock units was approximately \$7.9 million. This amount is expected to be recognized evenly over the remaining vesting period of the grants.

5. Long-Term Debt

Revolving Credit Facility

On July 30, 2021, the Company entered into a secured \$35.0 million revolving credit facility with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility may be increased up to an additional \$25.0 million subject to certain conditions and at the Company's option if the lenders agree to increase their commitments. The Credit Facility will mature on July 30, 2024, unless the Company exercises its option to voluntarily and permanently reduce all of the commitments before the maturity date. In connection with entering the Credit Facility, the Company terminated its \$25.0 million revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

The Credit Facility contains representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants and events of default that the Company considers customary for an agreement of this type. The agreement requires the Company to be in compliance with a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of no less than 1.25 to 1.00, and a maximum consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio of no more than 4.00 to 1.00. The Credit Facility also has certain restrictions on the payment of dividends and distributions. Under the Credit Facility, the Company may declare and make dividend payments so long as (i) no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing or would result therefrom and (ii) immediately after giving effect to any such dividend payment, on a pro forma basis, the consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio does not exceed 3.50 to 1.00.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility accrue interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Company's election, either LIBOR plus a margin of 1.5% to 2.0%, depending on the Company's consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio, or a base rate determined according to the highest of (a) the prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or (c) LIBOR plus 1.0%, plus a margin of 0.5% to 1.0%, depending on the Company's consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio.

An unused commitment fee at a rate of 0.125% applies to unutilized borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility.

The obligations under the Company's Credit Facility are guaranteed by certain subsidiaries of the Company and, subject to certain exceptions, secured by a continuing security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets. As of September 26, 2021, the Company had no borrowings under the Credit Facility, and was in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility.

6. Accrued Liabilities

The major classes of accrued liabilities at September 26, 2021 and December 27, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Septer	nber 26, 2021	Ι	December 27, 2020
Accrued compensation and related benefits	\$	10,601	\$	14,007
Other accruals		6,214		3,987
Sales and use tax		2,719		2,200
Property tax		3,431		3,054
Deferred gift card revenue		2,060		2,527
Total accrued liabilities	\$	25,025	\$	25,775

7. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Program

On October 31, 2019, the Company's board of directors authorized a share repurchase program under which the Company may, at its discretion, repurchase up to \$0.0 million of its common stock through December 31, 2022. Repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock will be made in accordance with applicable laws and may be made at management's discretion from time to time in the open market, through privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. There is no guarantee as to the exact number of shares to be repurchased by the Company. The timing and extent of repurchases will depend upon several factors, including market and business conditions, regulatory requirements and other corporate considerations, and repurchases may be discontinued at any time.

The Company repurchased 196,569 shares of common stock for approximately \$0.1 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and 90,144 shares of common stock for approximately \$1.4 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 27, 2020 (prior to the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic). Since the beginning of the current share repurchase program the Company has repurchased 286,713 shares of common stock for a total of approximately \$7.5 million through the

end of third quarter of 2021. As of September 26, 2021, the Company had approximately \$22.5 million remaining to be repurchased under this plan.

8. Contingencies

The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

9. Leases

The Company determines if a contract contains a lease at inception. The Company's material long-term operating lease agreements are for the land and buildings for our restaurants as well as our corporate offices. The lease term begins on the date that the Company takes possession under the lease, including the pre-opening period during construction, when in many cases the Company is not making rent payments. The initial lease terms range from 10 years to 15 years, most of which include renewal options totaling 10 to 15 years. The lease term is generally the minimum of the noncancelable period or the lease term including renewal options which are reasonably certain of being exercised up to a term of approximately 20 years.

Operating lease assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date for material leases with a term of greater than 12 months. Operating lease liabilities represent the present value of future minimum lease payments. Since our leases do not provide an implicit rate, our operating lease liabilities are calculated using the Company's secured incremental borrowing rate at lease commencement. We estimate this rate based on prevailing financial market conditions, comparable companies, credit analysis and management judgment. Minimum lease payments include only fixed lease components of the agreement, as well as variable rate payments that depend on an index, initially measured using the index at the lease commencement date.

Operating lease assets represent our right to use an underlying asset and are based upon the operating lease liabilities adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease payments, initial direct costs and lease incentives. Lease incentives are recognized when construction milestones are met and reduce our operating lease asset. They are amortized through the operating lease assets as reductions of rent expense over the lease term.

Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments that do not depend on a rate or index, escalation in the index subsequent to the initial measurement, payments associated with non-lease components such as common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, and short-term lease payments (leases with a term with 12 months or less) are expensed as incurred. Certain of the Company's operating leases contain clauses that provide for contingent rent based on a percentage of sales greater than certain specified target amounts. These variable payments are expensed when the achievement of the specified target that triggers the contingent rent is considered probable. As of September 26, 2021, all of the Company's leases were operating.

Components of operating lease costs are included in occupancy, closed restaurant costs, restaurant pre-opening, general and administrative expense and property and equipment, net:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended				Thirty-Nine V	Weeks Ended			
Lease cost	September 26, 2021		September 26, 2021		September 27, 2020		ptember 26, 2021	Sep	tember 27, 2020
Operating lease cost ^(a)	\$	6,388	\$ 6,500	\$	19,263	\$	19,523		
Variable lease cost	270		270		143	809		9 360	
	\$	6,658	\$ 6,643	\$	20,072	\$	19,883		

⁽a) Includes short-term operating lease costs which are immaterial.

Supplemental cash flow disclosures for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, respectively:

		Thirty-Nine V	veeks Ended		
	Septeml	ber 26, 2021	Septembe	er 27, 2020	
Cash paid for operating lease liabilities ^(a)	\$	28,272	\$	15,472	
Operating lease assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities ^(b)		(1,998)		(1,351)	

⁽a) The thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 includes \$6.3 million of termination payments for five of our closed restaurant operating leases.

(b) The thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 includes a \$8.9 million decrease to operating lease assets and liabilities related to the termination offive closed restaurant leases and a purchase of one existing lease, partially offset by a \$6.9 million increase mainly due to extending remaining lives of certain leases. The thirty-nine weeks ended September 27, 2020 includes a \$7.0 million reduction to the operating lease assets and liabilities as a result of shortening the remaining life of certain leases, partially offset by a \$5.7 million increase related to new lease commencements.

The Company recorded no additional deferred lease incentives during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and \$0.2 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 27, 2020.

Supplemental balance sheet and other lease disclosures:

Operating leases	Classification	Sep	September 26, 2021		December 27, 2020	
Right-of-use assets	Operating lease assets	\$	149,918	\$	159,156	
Deferred rent payments	Operating lease liability		795		2,169	
Current lease liabilities	Operating lease liability		12,341		12,397	
			13,136		14,566	
Deferred rent payments	Operating lease liability, less current portion		256		746	
Non-current lease liabilities	Operating lease liability, less current portion		191,064		206,855	
			191,320		207,601	
Total lease liabilities		\$	204,456	\$	222,167	
Weighted average remaining lease term (in	years)		13.2		13.8	
Weighted average discount rate			7.8 %		7.9%	
Future minimum rent payments for our open	rating leases for the next five years as of September 26, 2021 are as follow	vs:				
Fiscal year ending:						
Remainder of 2021				\$	7,290	
2022					27,983	
2023					27,464	
2024					26,214	
2025					25,765	
Thereafter					211,509	
Total minimum lease payments					326,225	
Less: imputed interest					121,769	
Present value of lease liabilities				\$	204,456	

As of September 26, 2021, operating lease payments exclude approximately \$6.5 million of legally binding minimum lease payments for leases signed but which we have not yet taken possession.

10. Income Taxes

The following is a reconciliation of the expected federal income taxes at the statutory rates of 21%:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended			Thirty-Nine	Weeks Ended
	Septen	nber 26, 2021	September 27, 2020	September 26, 2021	September 27, 2020
Expected income tax expense (benefit)	\$	1,512	\$ 693	\$ 5,664	\$ (2,250)
State tax expense, net of federal benefit		230	216	935	108
FICA tip credit		(622)	(1,187)	(2,880)	(2,979)
Deferred tax balance adjustment (a)		_	620	_	(1,016)
Officers compensation		101	_	474	_
Stock compensation		_	134	(1,396)	500
Other		(3)		10	
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$	1,218	\$ 476	\$ 2,807	\$ (5,637)

⁽a) Reflects the tax benefit recorded in the quarter associated with a carryback of federal net operating losses due to the CARES Act administrative correction of the deprecation recovery period for qualified improvement property.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred taxes will not be realized. Both positive and negative evidence is considered in forming management's judgment as to whether a valuation allowance is appropriate, and more weight is given to evidence that can be objectively verified. The tax benefits relating to any reversal of the valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets would be recognized as a reduction of future income tax expense. As of September 26, 2021, the Company believes that it will realize all of its deferred tax assets. Therefore, no valuation allowance has been recorded.

The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") audited our tax return for the fiscal year 2016. In August 2020, the IRS issued a Notice of Proposed Adjustment to the Company asserting that the tenant allowances paid to us under our operating leases should be recorded as taxable income for years 2016 and prior. The Company disagrees with this position based on the underlying facts and circumstances as well as standard industry practice. The Company estimates if the IRS's position was upheld, the Company's tax liability associated with this position could range between \$0.5 million and \$2.5 million. In accordance with the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification Subtopic 740-10, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, the Company believes that it is more likely than not that the Company's position will ultimately be sustained upon further examination, including the resolution of the IRS's appeal or litigation processes, if any. As a result, no additional accrual has been made as of September 26, 2021.

The tax years 2019, 2018 and 2017 remain open for IRS audit. The Company has received no notice of audit or any notifications from the IRS for any of the open tax years.

11. Impairment, Closed Restaurant and Other Costs

The Company reviews long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and intangibles, subject to amortization, for impairment when events or circumstances indicate the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. In determining the recoverability of the asset value, an analysis is performed at the individual restaurant level and primarily includes an assessment of historical undiscounted cash flows and other relevant factors and circumstances. The Company evaluates future cash flow projections in conjunction with qualitative factors and future operating plans and regularly reviews any restaurants with a deficient level of cash flows for the previous 24 months to determine if impairment testing is necessary. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying value of the restaurant to its estimated future cash flows are less than the carrying value, we determine if there is an impairment loss by comparing the carrying value of the restaurant to its estimated fair value. Based on this analysis, if the carrying value of the restaurant exceeds its estimated fair value, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value.

We make assumptions to estimate future cash flows and asset fair values. The estimated fair value is generally determined using the depreciated replacement cost method, the income approach, or discounted cash flow projections. Estimated future cash flows are highly subjective assumptions based on the Company's projections and understanding of our business, historical operating results, and trends in sales and restaurant level operating costs.

The Company's impairment assessment process requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding future cash flows and operating outcomes, which are based upon a significant degree of management judgment. The estimates used in the impairment analysis represent a Level 3 fair value measurement. The Company continues to assess the performance of restaurants and monitors the need for future impairment. Changes in the economic environment, real estate markets, capital spending, overall operating performance and underlying assumptions could impact these estimates and result in future impairment charges.

The Company recorded impairment, closed restaurant and other costs as follows:

	Thirteen V	Veeks Ended	Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended		
	September 26, 2021	September 27, 2020	September 26, 2021	September 27, 2020	
Operating lease assets impairment	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,133	
Property and equipment impairment	1,282	1,008	1,570	16,152	
Total impairment charge	1,282	1,008	1,570	19,285	
Closed restaurant costs	1,283	1,591	4,252	3,869	
Loss on lease termination	1,408	_	1,899	_	
COVID-19 related charges		845		845	
Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs	\$ 3,973	\$ 3,444	\$ 7,721	\$ 23,999	

Closed restaurant costs represent on-going expenses to maintain the closed restaurants such as rent expense, utility and insurance costs.

During the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021, the Company terminated three of its closed restaurant lease agreements and recorded a \$1.4 million loss on lease termination as well as a \$1.3 million non-cash impairment charge. During the thirteen weeks ended September 27, 2020, the company recorded a \$1.0 million non-cash impairment charge mainly as a result of restaurant closures driven by the COVID-19 pandemic as well as \$0.8 million COVID-19 related charge due to idle development costs as a result of delaying restaurant openings to 2021.

During the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021, the Company terminated five of its closed restaurant lease agreements and recorded a \$1.9 million loss on lease termination as well as a \$1.6 million non-cash impairment charge. During the thirty-nine weeks ended September 27, 2020, the company recorded a \$9.3 million impairment charge mainly as a result of restaurant closures driven by the COVID-19 pandemic as well as \$0.8 million COVID-19 related charge due to idle development costs as a result of delaying restaurant openings to 2021.

12. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter, the Company's Board of Directors replaced the existing share repurchase program and approved a new share repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to \$50.0 million of its common shares outstanding. This repurchase program became effective on October 28, 2021 and expires on December 31, 2023. Repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock will be made in accordance with applicable securities laws and may be made at management's discretion from time to time in the open market, through privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless otherwise specified, or the context otherwise requires, the references in this report to "Chuy's," "our Company," "the Company," "us," "we" and "our" refer to Chuy's Holdings, Inc. together with its subsidiaries.

The following discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows of our Company as of and for the periods presented below. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 27, 2020 (our "Annual Report") and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto included herein.

COVID-19 Pandemic

The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic at the end of the first quarter of 2020 caused significant disruptions to the Company's business operations as a result of mandatory closures, imposed capacity limitations and other restrictions. During fiscal 2020, the Company took various steps to reduce nonessential spend, postpone restaurant development and rightsize operations in light of reduced sales volume to improve our store level profitability and increase our cash flows. As of June 28, 2020, the Company reopened all of its dining rooms to varying degrees of operating capacity. The Company started to relax its indoor dining capacity restrictions during the second quarter of 2021 and, as of September 26, 2021, all restaurants operated without restrictions.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company developed a new operating model to address increased off-premise business with proportionately lower indoor dining. This allowed the Company to rightsize its labor model and maximize its restaurant level operating profit at reduced sales volumes. The Company continues to be subject to risks and uncertainties as a result of COVID-19 pandemic. The challenging labor market, commodity inflation pressures and supply chain shortages across many industries continue to increase costs to operate and stress our business. We cannot predict our ability to operate without capacity limitations in the future which will depend in part on the actions of a number of governmental bodies over which we have no control, the efficacy and public acceptance of vaccination programs in curbing the spread of the virus, the introduction and spread of new variants of the virus, which may prove resistant to currently approved vaccines, and new or reinstated restrictions on our operations.

Overview

We are a growing full-service restaurant concept offering a distinct menu of authentic, freshly-prepared Mexican and Tex-Mex inspired food. We were founded in Austin, Texas in 1982 and, as of September 26, 2021, we operated 96 restaurants across 17 states.

We are committed to providing value to our customers through offering generous portions of made-from-scratch, flavorful Mexican and Tex-Mex inspired dishes. We also offer a full-service bar in all of our restaurants providing our customers a wide variety of beverage offerings. We believe the Chuy's culture is one of our most valuable assets, and we are committed to preserving and continually investing in our culture and our customers' restaurant experience.

Our restaurants have a common décor, but we believe each location is unique in format, offering an "unchained" look and feel, as expressed by our motto "If you've seen one Chuy's, you've seen one Chuy's!" We believe our restaurants have an upbeat, funky, eclectic, somewhat irreverent atmosphere while still maintaining a family-friendly environment.

During the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021, we opened four new restaurants. We have an established presence in Texas, the Southeast and the Midwest, with restaurants in multiple large markets in these regions. Our growth plan over the next five years focuses on developing additional locations in our existing markets with proven average unit volumes and customer brand awareness.

Performance Indicators

We use the following performance indicators in evaluating our performance:

- Number of Restaurant Openings. Number of restaurant openings reflects the number of restaurants opened during a particular fiscal period. For restaurant openings we incur pre-opening costs, which are defined below, before the restaurant opens. Typically new restaurants open with an initial start-up period of higher than normalized sales volumes, which decrease to a steady level approximately six to twelve months after opening. However, operating costs during this initial six to twelve month period are also higher than normal, resulting in restaurant operating margins that are generally lower during the start-up period of operation and increase to a steady level approximately nine to twelve months after opening.
- Comparable Restaurant Sales. We consider a restaurant to be comparable in the first full quarter following the 18th month of operations. Changes in comparable restaurant sales reflect changes in sales for the comparable group of restaurants over a specified period of time as compared to that time in the prior year. Changes in comparable sales
 - reflect changes in customer count trends as well as changes in average check. Our comparable restaurant base consisted of 91 restaurants at September 26, 2021.
- Comparable Restaurant Sales as compared to 2019. Changes in comparable restaurant sales reflect changes in sales for the comparable group of restaurants over a specified period of time as compared to that time in fiscal year 2019. The comparable group of restaurants include the restaurants that were in the comparable base as of the end of fiscal year 2019. Our comparable restaurant base consisted of 81 restaurants at September 26, 2021.
- Average Check. Average check is calculated by dividing revenue by total entrées sold for a given time period. Average check reflects menu price increases as well as changes in menu mix. Our management team uses this indicator to analyze trends in customers' preferences, effectiveness of menu changes and price increases and per customer expenditures.
- Average Weekly Customers. Average weekly customers is measured by the number of entrées sold per week. Our management team uses this metric to measure changes in customer traffic.
- Average Unit Volume. Average unit volume consists of the average sales of our comparable restaurants over a certain period of time. This measure is calculated by dividing total comparable restaurant sales within a period of time by the total number of comparable restaurants within the relevant period. This indicator assists management in measuring changes in customer traffic, pricing and development of our brand.
- Operating Margin. Operating margin represents income from operations as a percentage of our revenue. By monitoring and controlling our operating margins, we can gauge the overall profitability of our Company.

The following table presents operating data for the periods indicated:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended			Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended			Ended	
	Septe	mber 26, 2021	Sep	tember 27, 2020	Sept	ember 26, 2021	Sep	otember 27, 2020
Total open restaurants (at end of period)		96		92		96		92
Total comparable restaurants (at end of period)		91		85		91		85
Average unit volumes (in thousands)	\$	1,070	\$	901	\$	3,164	\$	2,614
Change in comparable restaurant sales ⁽¹⁾		20.5 %		(19.8)%		22.5 %		(23.3)%
Average check	\$	17.27	\$	17.53	\$	17.33	\$	16.90

(1) We consider a restaurant to be comparable in the first full quarter following the 18th month of operations. Change in comparable restaurant sales reflects changes in sales for the comparable group of restaurants over a specified period of time.

We operate on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year that ends on the last Sunday of the calendar year. Each quarterly period has 13 weeks, except for a 53-week year when the fourth quarter has 14 weeks. Our 2021 and 2020 fiscal years each consists of 52 weeks.

Key Financial Definitions

Revenue. Revenue primarily consists of food and beverage sales and also includes sales of our t-shirts, sweatshirts and hats. Revenue is presented net of discounts associated with each sale. Revenue in a given period is directly influenced by the number of operating weeks in such period, the number of restaurants we operate and comparable restaurant sales growth.

Cost of sales. Cost of sales consists of food, beverage and merchandise related costs. The components of cost of sales are variable in nature, change with sales volume and are subject to increases or decreases based on fluctuations in commodity costs.

Labor costs. Labor costs include restaurant management salaries, front- and back-of-house hourly wages and restaurant-level manager bonus expense and payroll taxes.

Operating costs. Operating costs consist primarily of restaurant-related operating expenses, such as supplies, utilities, repairs and maintenance, travel cost, insurance, employee benefits, credit card fees, recruiting, delivery service and security. These costs generally increase with sales volume but may increase or decrease as a percentage of revenue.

Occupancy costs. Occupancy costs include rent charges, both fixed and variable, as well as common area maintenance costs, property taxes, the amortization of tenant allowances and the adjustment to straight-line rent. These costs are generally fixed but a portion may vary with an increase in sales when the lease contains percentage rent.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses include costs associated with corporate and administrative functions that support our operations, including senior and supervisory management and staff compensation

(including stock-based compensation) and benefits, travel, legal and professional fees, information systems, corporate office rent and other related corporate costs.

Marketing. Marketing costs include costs associated with our local restaurant marketing programs, community service and sponsorship activities, our menus and other promotional activities.

Restaurant pre-opening costs. Restaurant pre-opening costs consist of costs incurred before opening a restaurant, including manager salaries, relocation costs, supplies, recruiting expenses, initial new market public relations costs, pre-opening activities, employee payroll and related training costs for new employees. Restaurant pre-opening costs also include rent recorded during the period between date of possession and the restaurant opening date.

Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs. Impairment costs include impairment of long-lived assets associated with restaurants where the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable and exceeds the fair value of the asset. Closed restaurant costs consist of any costs associated with the closure of a restaurant such as lease termination costs, severance benefits, other miscellaneous closing costs as well as costs to maintain these closed restaurants through the lease termination date such as occupancy costs, including rent payments less sublease income, if any, and insurance and utility costs. Other costs consist of closed restaurant lease termination fees and COVID-19 related charges due to idle development costs as a result of delaying restaurant openings to 2021.

Depreciation. Depreciation principally includes depreciation on fixed assets, including equipment and leasehold improvements.

Interest expense. Interest expense consists primarily of interest on our outstanding indebtedness, uncommitted credit facility fees and the amortization of our debt issuance costs reduced by interest income, if any.

Results of Operations

Potential Fluctuations in Quarterly Results and Seasonality

In addition to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic discussed above, our quarterly operating results may fluctuate significantly as a result of a variety of factors, including the timing of new restaurant openings and related expenses, profitability of new restaurants, weather, increases or decreases in comparable restaurant sales, general economic conditions, consumer confidence in the economy, changes in consumer preferences, competitive factors, changes in food costs, changes in labor costs and changes in gas prices. In the past, we have experienced significant variability in restaurant pre-opening costs from quarter to quarter primarily due to the timing of restaurant openings. We typically incur restaurant pre-opening costs in the five months preceding a new restaurant opening. In addition, our experience to date has been that labor and direct operating costs associated with a newly opened restaurant during the first several months of operation are often materially greater than what will be expected after that time, both in aggregate dollars and as a percentage of restaurant sales. Accordingly, the number and timing of new restaurant openings in any quarter has had, and is expected to continue to have, a significant impact on quarterly restaurant pre-opening costs, labor and direct operating costs.

Our business is also subject to fluctuations due to seasonality and adverse weather. The spring and summer months have traditionally had higher sales volume than other periods of the year. Timing of holidays, severe winter weather, hurricanes, thunderstorms and similar conditions may impact restaurant unit volumes in some of the markets where we operate and may have a greater impact should they occur during our higher volume months. As a result of these and other factors, our financial results for any given quarter may not be indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year.

Thirteen Weeks Ended September 26, 2021 Compared to Thirteen Weeks Ended September 27, 2020

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the condensed consolidated statement of operations (in thousands):

	Thirteen Weeks Ended						
	Se	eptember 26, 2021	% of Revenue	September 27, 2020	% of Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$	101,939	100.0 %	\$ 82,032	100.0 %	\$ 19,907	24.3 %
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of sales		24,972	24.5	19,819	24.2	5,153	26.0
Labor		29,776	29.2	23,891	29.1	5,885	24.6
Operating		15,001	14.7	12,659	15.4	2,342	18.5
Occupancy		7,351	7.2	7,480	9.1	(129)	(1.7)
General and administrative		6,996	6.9	5,701	6.9	1,295	22.7
Marketing		1,136	1.1	514	0.6	622	121.0
Restaurant pre-opening		349	0.3	345	0.4	4	1.2
Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs		3,973	3.9	3,444	4.2	529	15.4
Depreciation		5,093	5.0	4,844	6.0	249	5.1
Total costs and expenses		94,647	92.8	78,697	95.9	15,950	20.3
Income from operations		7,292	7.2	3,335	4.1	3,957	118.7
Interest expense, net		74	0.1	33	0.1	41	124.2
Income before income taxes		7,218	7.1	3,302	4.0	3,916	118.6
Income tax expense		1,218	1.2	476	0.6	742	155.9
Net income	\$	6,000	5.9 %	\$ 2,826	3.4 %	\$ 3,174	112.3

Revenue. Revenue increased \$19.9 million, or 24.3%, to \$101.9 million for the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$82.0 million for the comparable period in 2020. The increase was primarily related to growth in customer traffic as the Company relaxed indoor dining capacity restrictions throughout its restaurants, as well as \$3.1 million of incremental revenue from new restaurants opened during fiscal year 2021. For the third quarter of 2021, off-premise sales were approximately 26% of total revenue compared to approximately 33% and 12% in the same period last year and two years ago, respectively.

Comparable restaurant sales increased 20.5% for the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 compared to the thirteen weeks ended September 27, 2020. The increase in comparable restaurant sales as compared to 2020 was driven by a 22.2% increase in average weekly customers, partially offset by a 1.7% decrease in average check. Comparable restaurant sales decreased 2.4% as compared to the same period in fiscal 2019. The comparable restaurant sales during the quarter as compared to 2019 were negatively impacted by a significant increase in COVID-19 cases throughout the country and locally mandated capacity restrictions in core markets during August 2021.

Cost of sales. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue increased to 24.5% during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 compared to 24.2% during the comparable period in 2020 primarily as a result of overall commodity inflation of 3.6%, partially offset by favorable mix driven by a decrease in fajita family kits sold as compared to the third quarter of 2020.

Labor costs. Labor costs as a percentage of revenue increased to 29.2% during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 29.1% during the comparable period in 2020 largely as a result of hourly labor rate inflation of approximately 8.3% at comparable restaurants in part due to increased overtime, partially offset by sales leverage on management labor costs.

Operating costs. Operating costs as a percentage of revenue decreased to 14.7% during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 15.4% during the same period in 2020 mainly as a result of sales leverage on fixed restaurant operating costs.

Occupancy costs. Occupancy costs as a percentage of revenue decreased to 7.2% during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 9.1% during the comparable period in 2020 primarily as a result of sales leverage on fixed occupancy expenses, partially offset by higher percentage rent and occupancy expenses related to four new stores that opened during fiscal 2021.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased to \$7.0 million for the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to \$5.7 million for the same period in 2020. The increase was primarily driven by

higher performance-based bonuses in fiscal year 2021. As a percentage of revenues, general and administrative expenses remained flat at 6.9%.

Restaurant pre-opening costs. Restaurant pre-opening costs remained at approximately \$0.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020.

Marketing. Marketing expense as a percentage of revenue increased to 1.1% during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to 0.6% for the same period in 2020 as the company reinstated its digital advertising campaigns across the nation.

Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs. Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs increased to \$4.0 million during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$3.4 million during the comparable period in 2020. During the third quarter of 2021, the Company terminated three of its closed restaurant lease agreements and recorded a \$1.4 million non-cash loss on lease termination and a \$1.3 million non-cash impairment charge related to long-lived assets. During the third quarter of 2020, the Company recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$1.0 million a result of the discontinuation of the Company's complimentary "Nacho Car," as well as \$0.8 million in COVID-19 related charges due to idle development costs as a result of delaying restaurant openings to 2021. The company also incurred closed restaurant costs such as rent expense, utility and insurance costs required to maintain the remaining closed locations of \$1.3 million and \$1.6 million during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, respectively.

Depreciation. Depreciation expense increased to \$5.1 million during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$4.8 million recorded during the comparable period in 2020 primarily due to an increase in depreciation associated with our new restaurants.

Income tax expense. We recorded an income tax expense of \$1.2 million in the third quarter of 2021 compared to \$0.5 million during the comparable period in 2020. The increase in income tax expense was driven by an increase in estimated annual net income. As of September 26, 2021, the Company had a \$6.4 million deferred tax asset, which management believes will be fully realized, therefore, no valuation allowance is required at this time.

In August 2020, the IRS issued a Notice of Proposed Adjustment to the Company asserting that the tenant allowances paid under our operating leases should be recorded as taxable income for years 2016 and prior. The Company disagrees with the IRS's position and believes that it is more likely than not that the Company's position will ultimately be sustained upon further examination, including the resolution of the IRS's appeal or litigation processes, if any. As a result, no further tax accrual was made. The Company estimates if the IRS's position was upheld, the Company's tax liability associated with the IRS's position could range between \$0.5 million and \$2.5 million.

Net income. As a result of the foregoing, net income was \$6.0 million during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to \$2.8 million during the comparable period in 2020.

Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended September 26, 2021 Compared to Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended September 27, 2020

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the condensed consolidated statement of operations (in thousands):

					Thirty-Nine W	eeks Ended		
	Se	ptember 26, 2021	% of Revenue	Sep	tember 27, 2020	% of Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$	297,802	100.0 %	\$	242,244	100.0 %	\$ 55,558	22.9 %
Costs and expenses:								
Cost of sales		70,984	23.8		59,791	24.7	11,193	18.7
Labor		84,911	28.5		74,808	30.9	10,103	13.5
Operating		44,416	14.9		37,964	15.7	6,452	17.0
Occupancy		22,049	7.4		22,563	9.3	(514)	(2.3)
General and administrative		20,523	6.9		16,195	6.7	4,328	26.7
Marketing		3,351	1.1		1,888	0.8	1,463	77.5
Restaurant pre-opening		1,641	0.6		1,483	0.6	158	10.7
Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs		7,721	2.6		23,999	9.9	(16,278)	(67.8)
Gain on insurance settlements		_	_		(1,000)	(0.4)	1,000	*
Depreciation		15,097	5.1		15,028	6.1	69	0.5
Total costs and expenses		270,693	90.9		252,719	104.3	17,974	7.1
Income (loss) from operations		27,109	9.1		(10,475)	(4.3)	37,584	*
Interest expense, net		118	_		238	0.1	(120)	(50.4)
Income (loss) before income taxes		26,991	9.1		(10,713)	(4.4)	37,704	*
Income tax expense (benefit)		2,807	1.0		(5,637)	(2.3)	8,444	*
Net income (loss)	\$	24,184	8.1 %	\$	(5,076)	(2.1)%	\$ 29,260	*

^{*} Not meaningful

Revenue. Revenue increased \$55.6 million, or 22.9%, to \$297.8 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$242.2 million for the comparable period in 2020. The increase in revenue was primarily related to growth in customer traffic as the Company relaxed indoor dining capacity restrictions throughout its restaurants, as well as \$7.3 million of incremental revenue from new restaurants opened during fiscal year 2021. For the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021, off-premise sales were approximately 28% of total revenue compared to approximately 35% in the same period last year.

Comparable restaurant sales increased 22.5% for the thirty-nine weeks ended weeks ended September 26, 2021 compared to the thirty-nine weeks ended weeks ended September 27, 2020. The increase in comparable restaurant sales was primarily driven by an 19.5% increase in average weekly customers in addition to a 3.0% increase in average check. Comparable restaurant sales decreased 5.1% as compared to the same period in fiscal 2019 as the Company operated at varying degrees of operating capacity and under locally mandated COVID-19 restrictions during the first half of fiscal 2021.

Cost of sales. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 23.8% during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 24.7% during the same period in 2020. This decrease is primarily related to a decrease in fajita family kits sold subsequent to COVID-19 lockdowns as well as switching to a limited menu and eliminating the complimentary buffet style chips and salsa, or "Nacho Car," during the second quarter of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. This decrease is partially offset by overall commodity inflation of 1.2%.

Labor costs. Labor costs as a percentage of revenue decreased to 28.5% during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 30.9% during the comparable period in 2020 as a result of a reduction in hourly employees and store management personnel as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, partially offset by hourly labor rate inflation of approximately 2.2% and \$1.6 million of manager retention bonuses paid out during the second and third quarter of 2021.

Operating costs. Operating costs as a percentage of revenue decreased to 14.9% during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 15.7% during the same period in 2020 as a result of an approximately 20 basis-point decrease in to-go supplies due to lower off-premise sale mix as well as sales leverage on fixed restaurant operating costs, partially offset by an approximately 10 basis-point increase in liquor taxes driven by higher bar sales mix as compared the same period last year.

Occupancy costs. Occupancy costs as a percentage of revenue decreased to 7.4% during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from 9.3% during the comparable period in 2020 primarily as a result of sales leverage on fixed occupancy expenses as well as the closure of nine restaurants during the latter part of March 2020, partially offset by an increase in occupancy expenses related to four new stores that opened during fiscal 2021.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased to \$20.5 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to \$16.2 million for the same period in 2020. The increase was primarily driven a \$1.0 million increase in management salaries as a result of a reinstatement of temporarily reduced corporate salaries during the COVID-19 pandemic and a \$2.8 million increase is performance-based bonuses. As a percentage of revenues, general and administrative expenses increased to 6.9% compared to 6.7% during fiscal 2020.

Restaurant pre-opening costs. Restaurant pre-opening costs increased to \$1.6 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to \$1.5 million for the same period in 2020. During the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021, we incurred pre-opening costs for several new restaurant openings during fiscal 2021. Restaurant pre-opening costs for the comparable period of 2020 represent expenses for the store openings postponed to fiscal 2021 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Marketing. Marketing expense as a percentage of revenue increased to 1.1% during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to 0.8% the same period in 2020 as the company reinstated its digital advertising campaigns across the nation.

Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs. Impairment, closed restaurant and other costs decreased to \$7.7 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$24.0 million during the comparable period in 2020. During fiscal 2021 to-date, the Company terminated five of its closed restaurant lease agreements and recorded a \$1.9 million non-cash loss on lease termination as well as a \$1.6 million non-cash impairment charge related to long-lived assets. During fiscal 2020, the Company recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$19.3 million related to restaurant closures as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and \$0.8 million in COVID-19 related charges due to idle development costs as a result of delaying restaurant openings to 2021. The company also incurred \$4.3 million and \$3.9 million of closed restaurants costs, which include rent expense, utility and insurance costs during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020, respectively.

Depreciation. Depreciation expense increased to \$15.1 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$15.0 during the comparable period in 2020 primarily due to an increase in depreciation and in equipment and leasehold improvement costs associated with our new restaurants.

Income tax expense (benefit). We recorded an income tax expense of \$2.8 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 compared to an income tax benefit of \$5.6 million during the comparable period in 2020. The increase in income tax expense was driven by an increase in estimated annual net income. As of September 26, 2021, the Company had a \$6.4 million deferred tax asset, which management believes will be fully realized, therefore, no valuation allowance is required at this time.

In August 2020, the IRS issued a Notice of Proposed Adjustment to the Company asserting that the tenant allowances paid under our operating leases should be recorded as taxable income for years 2016 and prior. The Company disagrees with the IRS's position and believes that it is more likely than not that the Company's position will ultimately be sustained upon further examination, including the resolution of the IRS's appeal or litigation processes, if any. As a result, no further tax accrual was made. The Company

estimates if the IRS's position was upheld, the Company's tax liability associated with the IRS's position could range between \$0.5 million and \$2.5 million.

Net income (loss). As a result of the foregoing, net income was \$24.2 million during the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to a loss of \$5.1 million during the comparable period in 2020.

Liquidity

Our principal sources of cash are net cash provided by operating activities, which includes tenant improvement allowances from our landlords, and borrowings, if any, under our \$35.0 million revolving credit facility as further discussed below. Consistent with many other restaurant and retail store operations, we typically use operating lease arrangements for our restaurants. From time to time, we may also purchase the underlying land for development. We believe that our operating lease arrangements provide appropriate leverage of our capital structure in a financially efficient manner.

On July 30, 2021, the Company entered into a secured \$35.0 million revolving credit facility with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility may be increased up to an additional \$25.0 million subject to certain conditions and at the Company's option if the lenders agree to increase their commitments. The Credit Facility will mature on July 30, 2024, unless the Company exercises its option to voluntarily and permanently reduce all of the commitments before the maturity date. The agreement requires the Company to be in compliance with a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum

consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio. The interest rate is either LIBOR plus a margin of 1.50% to 2.00%, depending on the Company's consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio or a base rate determined according to the highest of (a) the prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50% or (c) LIBOR plus 1.0%, plus a margin of 0.50% to 1.00%, depending on the Company's consolidated total lease adjusted leverage ratio. The Credit Facility also requires payment of an unused commitment fee of 0.125% that accrues on the daily unused commitment.

In connection with entering the Credit Facility, the Company terminated its \$25.0 million revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Our main requirements for liquidity are to support our working capital, restaurant expansion plans, ongoing maintenance of our existing restaurants, investment in infrastructure, obligations under our operating leases, interest payments on our debt, if any, and to repurchase shares of our common stock subject to market conditions. Repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock will be made in accordance with applicable laws and may be made at management's discretion from time to time in the open market, through privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans. There is no guarantee as to the exact number of shares to be repurchased by the Company. The timing and extent of repurchases will depend upon several factors, including market and business conditions, regulatory requirements and other corporate considerations, and repurchases may be discontinued at any time.

As of the end of the third quarter of 2021, the Company had \$22.5 million remaining under its \$30.0 million repurchase program that expires on December 31, 2022.

Our liquidity may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including a decrease in customer traffic, average check per customer due to changes in economic conditions or the COVID-19 pandemic.

As of September 26, 2021, the Company had a strong financial position with \$105.1 million in cash and cash equivalents, no debt and \$35.0 million of availability under its revolving credit facility.

Cash Flows for Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020

The following table summarizes the statement of cash flows for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 and September 27, 2020 (in thousands):

<u></u>	Thirty-Nine Weeks Ended		
Septer	September 26, 2021		ber 27, 2020
\$	36,990	\$	32,849
	(13,554)		(11,294)
	(5,146)		46,146
	18,290		67,701
	86,817		10,074
\$	105,107	\$	77,775
	Septer \$	September 26, 2021 \$ 36,990 (13,554) (5,146) 18,290 86,817	September 26, 2021 September 26 \$ 36,990 \$ (13,554) (5,146) 18,290 86,817

Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$4.1 million to \$37.0 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$32.8 million during the comparable period in 2020. Our business is almost exclusively a cash business. Almost all of our receipts come in the form of cash and cash equivalents and a large majority of our expenditures are paid within a 30 day period. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was mainly attributable to a 22.5% increase in comparable restaurant sales, a substantial improvement in the restaurant-level operating margin as well as a \$7.9 million increase in deferred income taxes due in part to a CARES Act administrative correction which took place in fiscal year 2020. This overall increase was partially offset by \$6.3 million in lease termination costs paid during fiscal 2021 to teminate five of our closed restaurant leases as well as a \$1.9 million repayment of deferred rent liability (included in the operating lease liabilities) recorded as a result of rent deferment and concessions during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities increased \$2.3 million to \$13.6 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 from \$11.3 million during the comparable period in 2020, mainly driven by a timing of our new restaurant construction as compared to the same period last year.

Financing Activities. Net cash used by financing activities was \$5.1 million for the thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$46.1 million during the comparable period in 2020. The decrease in net cash provided by financial activities was primarily due to \$48.2 million in net proceeds received in the Company's ATM offering completed during the second quarter of fiscal 2020 as well as a \$4.7 million increase in the repurchases of common shares during thirty-nine weeks ended September 26, 2021 as compared to the same period last year.

As of September 26, 2021, we had no other financing transactions, arrangements or other relationships with any unconsolidated affiliates or related parties. Additionally, we had no financing arrangements involving synthetic leases or trading activities involving commodity contracts.

Capital Resources

Long-Term and Short-Term Capital Requirements

There have been no material changes to our long-term or short-term capital requirements from what was previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations from what was previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 26, 2021, we are not involved in any variable interest entities transactions and do not otherwise have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to the significant accounting policies from what was previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For information regarding new accounting pronouncements, see Note 2, Recent Accounting Pronouncements in the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation

Reform Act of 1995. These statements reflect the current views of our senior management with respect to future events and our financial performance. These statements include forward-looking statements with respect to our business and industry in general. Statements that include the words "expect," "intend," "plan," "believe," "project," "forecast," "estimate," "may," "should," "anticipate" and similar statements of a future or forward looking nature identify forward-looking statements for purposes of the federal securities laws or otherwise. Forward-looking statements address matters that involve risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated in these statements. We believe that these factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the ultimate geographic spread, duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the effectiveness of actions taken, or actions that may be taken, by governmental authorities to contain the outbreak or treat its impact;
- · the success of our existing and new restaurants;
- · our ability to identify appropriate sites and develop and expand our operations;
- · our ability to manage our growth effectively and the resulting changes to pre-opening costs;
- · we operate most of our restaurants under long-term leases which we may not be able to renew and would be obligated to perform even if we closed our restaurants;
- · changes in economic conditions and consumer buying patterns;
- · damage to our reputation or lack of acceptance of our brand in existing or new markets;
- our expansion into markets that we are unfamiliar with;
- economic and other trends and developments, including adverse weather conditions, in the local or regional areas in which our restaurants are located and specifically in Texas where a large percentage of our restaurants are located;
- acts of violence at or threatened against our restaurants or centers in which they are located;
- · the impact of negative economic factors, including the availability of credit, on our landlords and surrounding tenants;
- · changes in food availability and costs;
- · food safety and food borne illness concerns;
- increased competition in the restaurant industry and the segments in which we compete;
- · the success of our marketing programs;
- the impact of new restaurant openings, including the effect on our existing restaurants when opening new restaurants in the same markets and restaurant closures;
- · strain on our infrastructure and resources caused by our growth;
- the inadequacy of our insurance coverage and fluctuating insurance requirements and costs;
- · the impact of security breaches of confidential customer information in connection with our electronic processing of credit and debit card transactions;
- · inadequate protection of our intellectual property;
- · the failure of our information technology system or the breach of our network security;
- · a major natural or man-made disaster;
- · labor shortages and increases in our labor costs, including as a result of changes in government regulation;
- the loss of key members of our management team;
- the impact of legislation and regulation regarding nutritional information and new information or attitudes regarding diet and health or adverse opinions about the health of consuming our menu offerings;
- · the impact of federal, state and local laws and regulations, including with respect to liquor licenses and food services;
- · the impact of litigation;
- · the impact of impairment charges;
- · the failure of our internal control over financial reporting;
- · the impact of federal, state and local tax laws and the Internal Revenue Service disagreeing with our tax position;
- the effect of changes in accounting principles applicable to us;
- · the impact of our indebtedness on our ability to invest in the ongoing needs of our business;
- our ability to obtain debt or other financing on favorable terms or at all;
- volatility in the price of our common stock;
- the timing and amount of repurchases of our common stock;
- the impact of future sales of our common stock and any additional capital raised by us through the sale of our common stock or grants of additional equity-based compensation;
- the impact of a downgrade of our shares by securities analysts or industry analysts, the publication of negative research or reports, or lack of publication of reports about our business;
- the effect of anti-takeover provisions in our charter documents and under Delaware law;
- the effect of our decision to not pay dividends for the foreseeable future;
- · our ability to raise capital in the future; and
- · other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in the Company's Annual Report and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable based on our current knowledge of our business and operations, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read together with other cautionary statements included in this report and in our Annual Report. If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may differ materially from what we anticipate. Any forward-looking statements you read in this report reflect our views as of the date of this report with respect to future events and are subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and you should carefully consider all of the factors identified in this report that could cause actual results to differ. We assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk from what was previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

The design of any system of control is based upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated objectives under all future events, no matter how remote, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may not deteriorate. Because of its inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures may not prevent or detect all misstatements. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during our quarter ended September 26, 2021, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II—Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The table below provides information with respect to our purchase of shares of our common stock during the thirteen weeks ended September 26, 2021:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	purchased as part of	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (in millions) (1)
June 28, 2021 through July 25, 2021	_	\$	— \$	28.6
July 26, 2021 through August 22, 2021	124,712	30.88	124,712	24.7
August 23, 2021 through September 26, 2021	71,857	31.53	71,857	22.5
Total	196,569	\$ 31.12	196,569	

(1) On November 7, 2019, we announced that our board of directors authorized us to repurchase an indeterminate number of our common stock through December 31, 2022 at an aggregate market value of up to \$30.0 million. On November 4, 2021, we announced that our board of directors replaced the existing share repurchase program and approved a new share repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to \$50.0 million of its common shares outstanding. This repurchase program became effective on October 28, 2021 and expires on December 31, 2023.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
10.1	Credit Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2021, by and among Chuy's Holdings, Inc., as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Chuy's Holdings, Inc., as guarantors, the lenders party thereto from time to time and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, swingline lender and issuing lender (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 2, 2021)
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document (The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document)
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 5, 2021

CHUY'S HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Steven J. Hislop

Name: Steven J. Hislop

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Jon W. Howie

Name: Jon W. Howie

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Steven J. Hislop, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Chuy's Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2021

/s/ Steven J. Hislop

Steven J. Hislop President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Jon W. Howie, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Chuy's Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2021

/s/ Jon W. Howie

Jon W. Howie Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Chuy's Holdings, Inc., a Delaware Corporation (the "Company"), for the period ending September 26, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Steven J. Hislop, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Jon W. Howie, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods indicated.

Date: November 5, 2021

/s/ Steven J. Hislop

Steven J. Hislop President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Jon W. Howie

Jon W. Howie Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)